Universal Choice Redefined



What Are We Really Trying to Do Here?

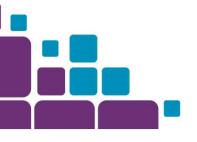




The EdChoice Mission

To advance educational freedom and choice for all as a pathway to successful lives and a stronger society.

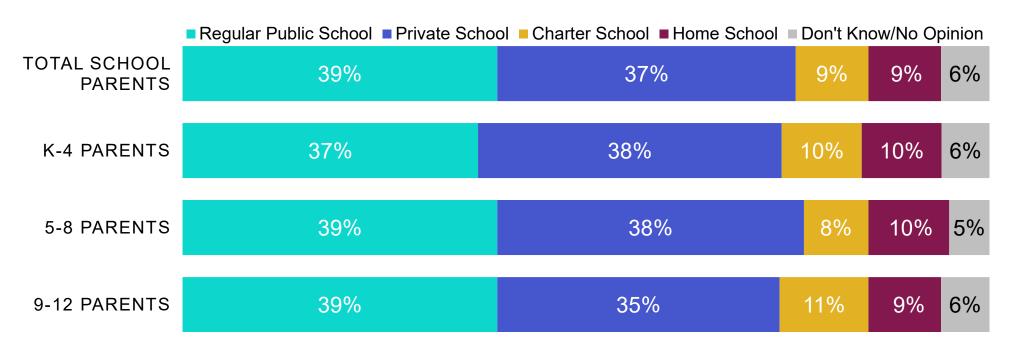






Parents have a diverse range of schooling preferences.

If given the option, what type of school would you select in order to obtain the best education for your child?





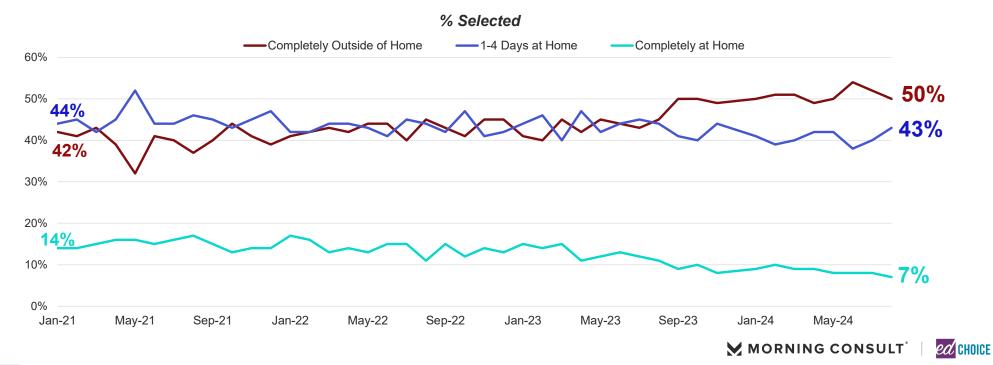




Nearly half of parents would prefer having their child learn at home at least one day per week.

In order to provide the best education for your child/children, what would be your preferred weekly schedule and location between schooling at home with a parent/teacher/tutor, or outside the home?

School Parents





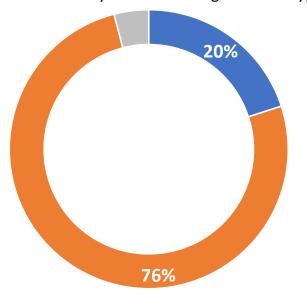
Approximately 1 in 5 parents indicate that their child has switched from one school type to another.

Besides moving from grade school to middle school or middle school to high school, has your youngest/oldest child ever switched from one type of school (or school sector) to another? The various types/sectors include public district schools, public charter schools, private schools, full-time virtual schools, and home schooling.

School Parents

Yes, my child has changed school typesNo, my child has not changed school types

■ I don't know if my child has changed school types



lop % Yes	
Private School	30%
Special Needs	25%
Black	24%

Bottom % Yes	
Liberal	17%
Northeast	17%
Midwest	17%



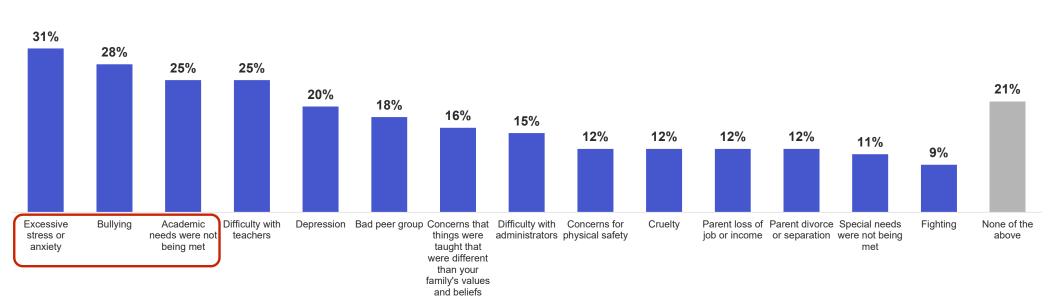




Parents are most likely to switch schools due to bullying, stress/anxiety and academic needs not being met at their former school.

Children may encounter different circumstances both inside and outside of school that make it hard for them to achieve academic and personal success. Has your youngest/oldest child experienced any of these difficulties at her/his **former school?** Please select all that apply.

School Parents % Selected



Note: Results are composite numbers between those who were asked about their youngest child and those who were asked about their oldest child.

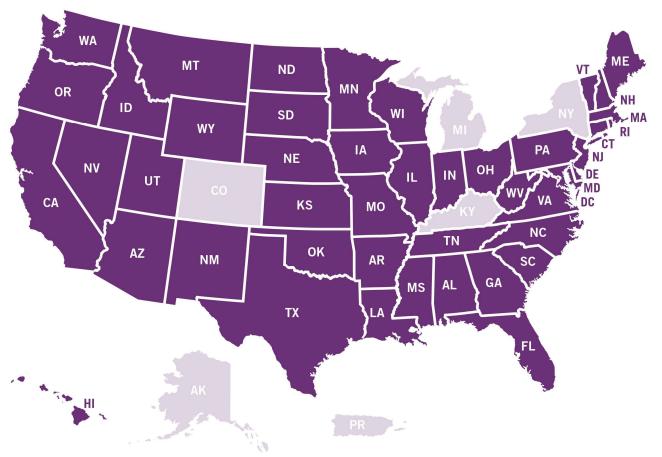
* Only respondents who indicated that their children have switched schools were asked about their child's former school.





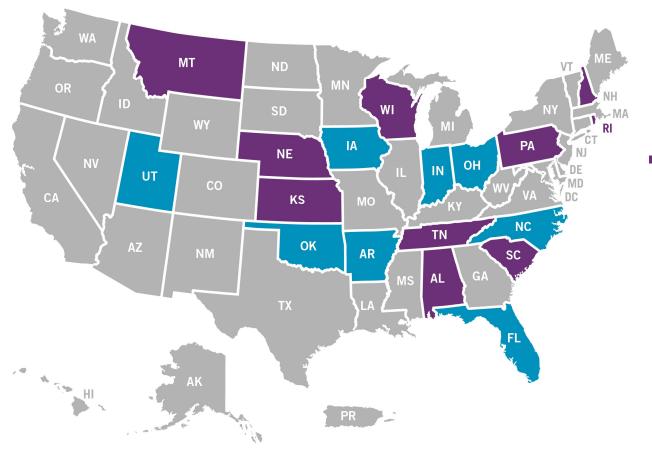






2023 - A Momentous Year for Choice Legislation

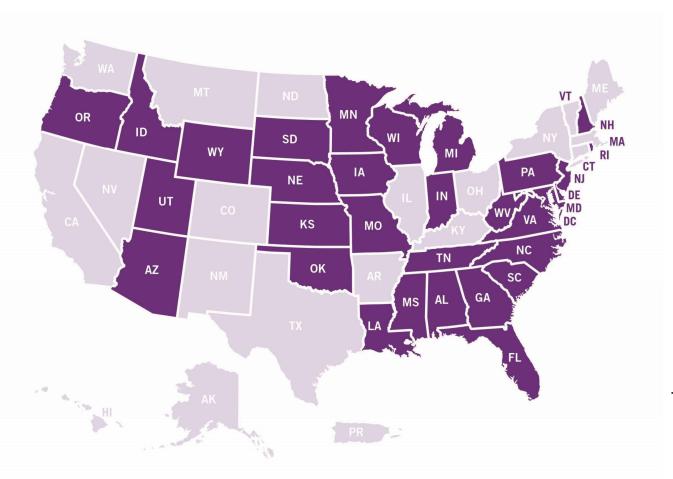
- 125 private school choice bills were introduced in 43 states.
- 79% of those bills were related to ESAs.
- Nearly 1 in 5 students live in a state with universal choice.
- Approximately 22 million students –
 or 40% nationwide are eligible for a
 choice program.



2023

Legislative Victories

- 18 states enacted new
 OR expanded choice
 programs
- 8 with universal or near universal eligibility



2024 - The Beat Goes On

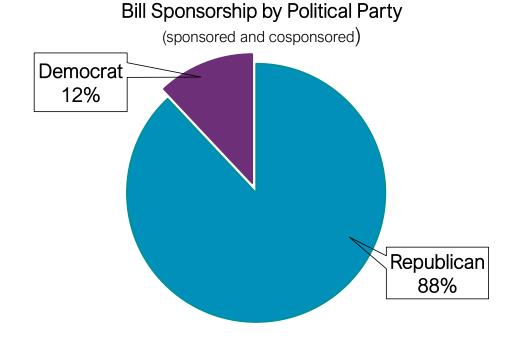
- This year, EdChoice tracked 85 educational choice bills in 30 states
- 73% of tracked legislation were ESA proposals



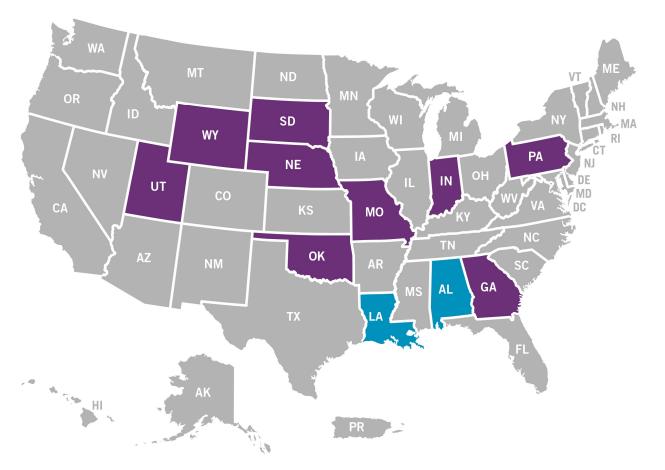
Choice is **Trending Towards Bipartisan**

In Louisiana, SIX

Democrats voted for universal choice, as did Democrats in Missouri and Nebraska.



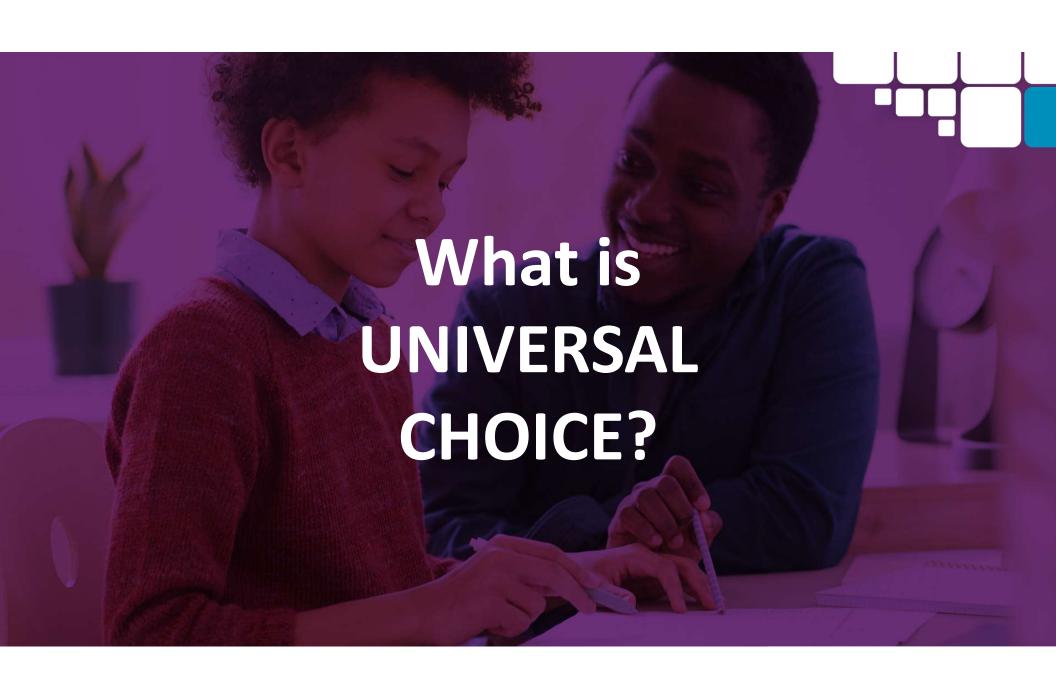




2024

Legislative Victories

- 11 states enacted new OR expanded choice programs
- 2 with universal or near universal eligibility





About Universal Eligibility





"Our goal is to have a system in which **every family** in the U.S. will be able to choose for itself the school to which its children go."

13 states with universal eligibility





About Universal Options (Usage)



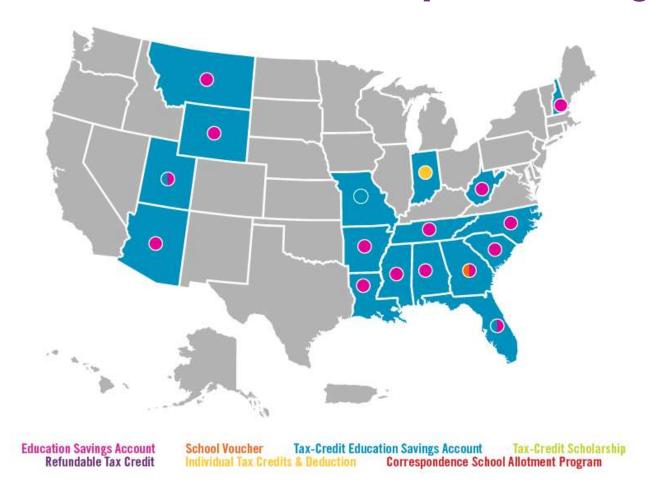
"But why require parents to spend the voucher in a single school? Why not offer **divisible vouchers**? Let part be spent for the core school and the rest for mathematics lessons, music lessons or vocational training purchased from another source. One does not buy all one's groceries at a single store.

Why should one buy all of a child's schooling at a single school?





17 states with universal options (usage)





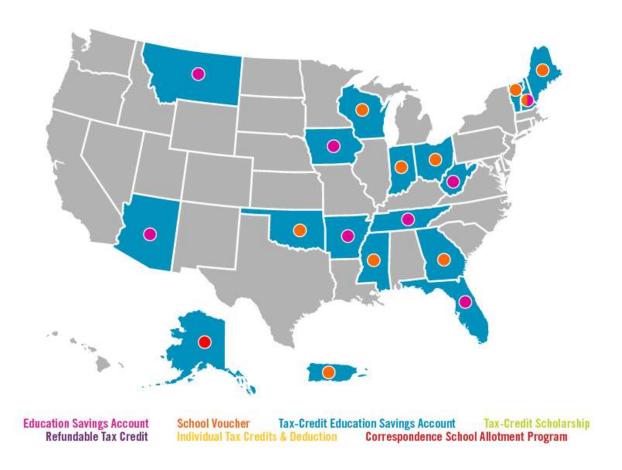
About Universal Funding





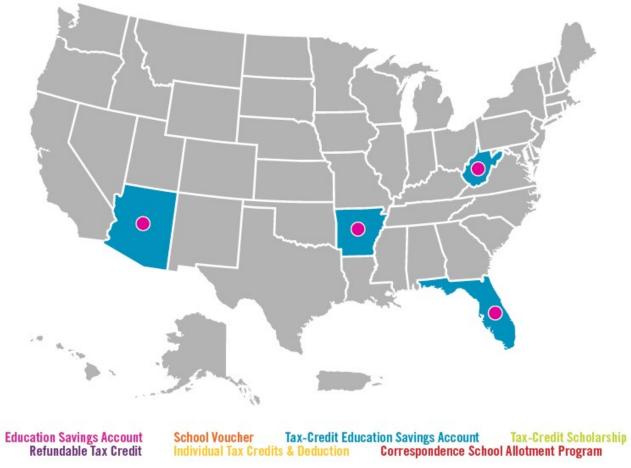
A far more effective and equitable way for government to finance education is to **finance students, not schools.**

18 states with universal or near universal funding





4 states meet all criteria – universal eligibility, options & funding



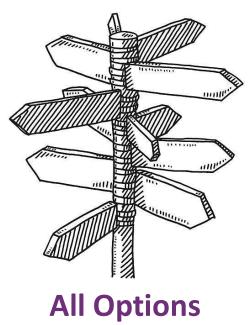


All families should have access to unencumbered, universal educational choice.





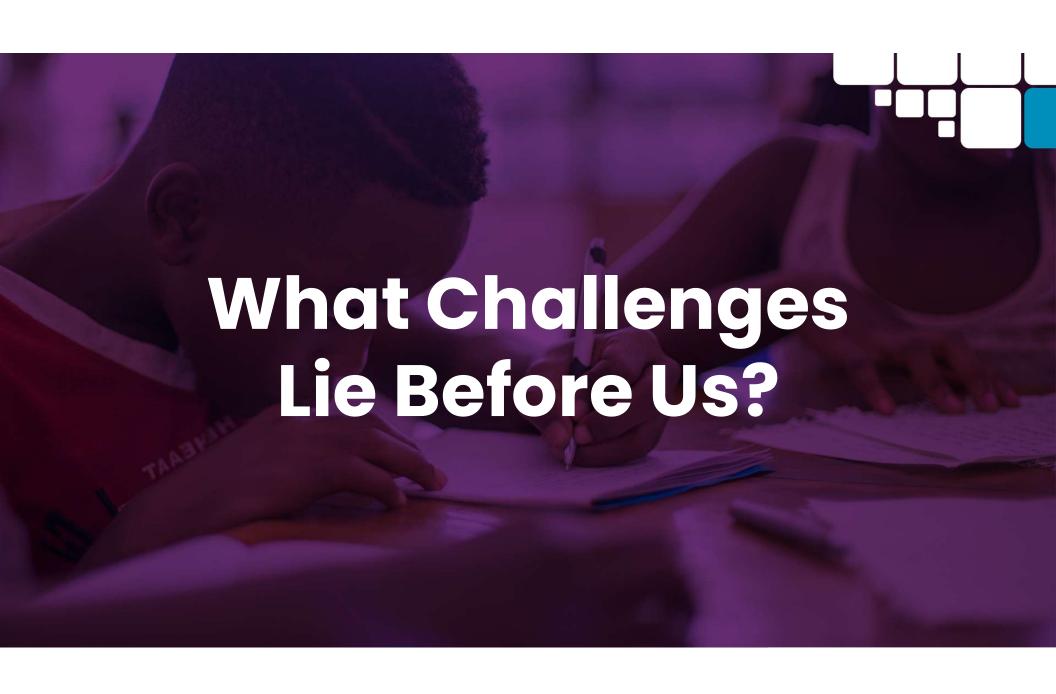




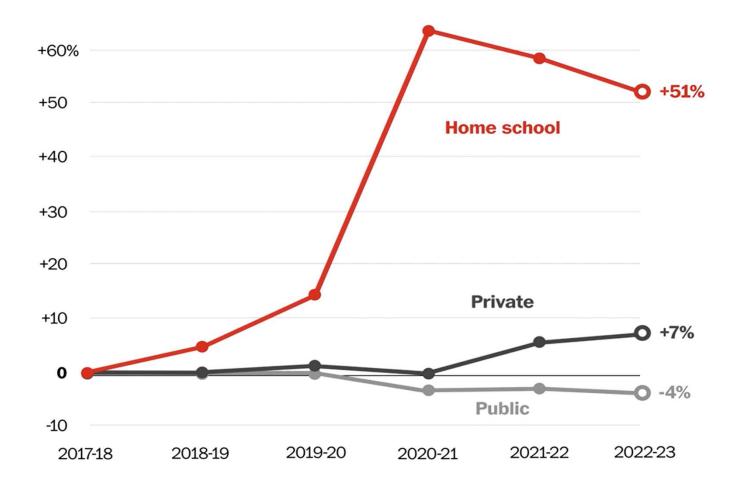
(Usage)



All Funding



Homeschooling Rates are Rising

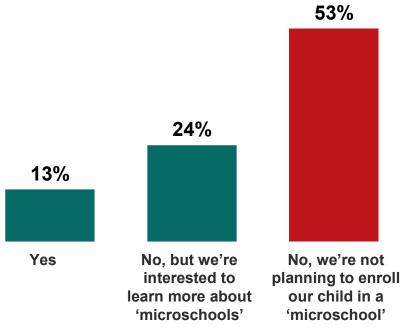




Microschooling is on the Rise

At least one-third of parents report having a child attending a microschool or are interested in learning more about microschools.

Microschools' are small learning environments in K-12 education typically enrolling no more than 25 students. Do you have a child currently enrolled in a 'microschool'?

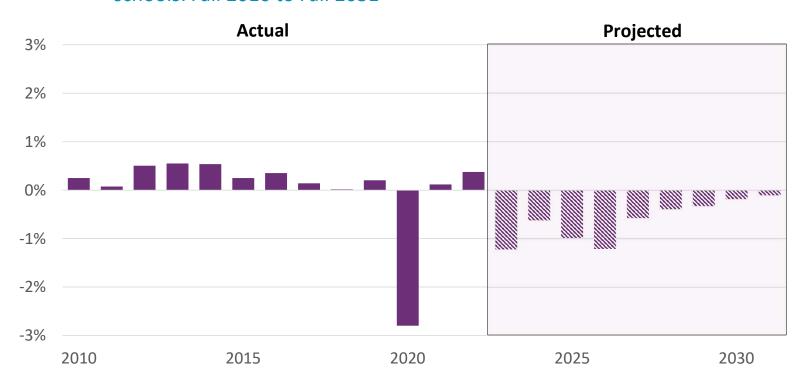




MORNING CONSULT

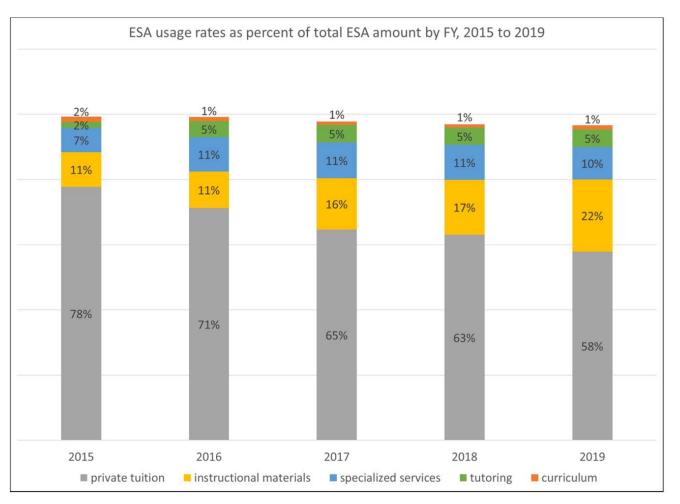
Public School Enrollment is Projected to Decrease

Annual percentage change in public elementary and secondary schools: Fall 2010 to Fall 2031





ESA funds are Being Used with Greater Diversity





Source: Author's estimates; Step Up for Students

School District ESSER 3 Spending: Detail by State

Categories of spending detail and data definitions vary by state. We have taken some liberty in matching those definitions to the selected categories below.

Stronger match to column header

Partial match to column header

For a complete list of available data by state, visit the ESSER Expenditure Dashboard at edunomicslab.org/esser-spending/. Numbers in cells correspond to footnotes.

For questions or feedback, email Katie Silberstein at ks1747@georgetown.edu. Revised: 4/6/23

	Spending By District Available in a Timely Way	20% Learning Loss vs. 80% Flexible	DETAIL ON WHAT ACTIVITIES / SERVICES WERE DELIVERED					DETAIL ON WHAT WAS PURCHASED		
20			Tutoring	Summer Learning	Lengthen Day or Year	SEL, Mental Health	Facilities	Labor (Salary, Benefits)	Supplies / Materials	Contracts, Purchased Services
AK							13			24
AL										
AR			_				13			
AZ	1			34	34		13		32	25
CA							14			Į.
co										
СТ										
DE		2					13			
DC		2				9				
FL GA		\vdash			-					
HI		2			6			16		-
IA		3						10		
ID		3						\vdash		
IL					—	11	13			25
IN		\vdash					13			25
KS					t					
KY	1				1					
LA							13			26
MA					t					
MD	1				i	10	13	17		
ME	1					11	13			
MI	-									
MN	1						13			25
MO										
MS					7	11	13	-		24
MT	1		4				13			24
NC							13			25
ND		+	1				13	-		26
NE										
NH						12	13			26
NJ							13			26
NM							13			
NV		\vdash					13	18	21	26
NY		\vdash								
OH		\vdash			-		13			33
OK OR			5			11	13	19	22	27
PA	1		-			*1	43	.9	22	2/
RI		\vdash					13			26
SC		\vdash		8	8		13			
SD							15			25
TN										
TX							13	20		28
UT	1									
VA										
VT										
WA				8	8					29
WI				8	8	-				
wv	1						13	-		30
WY	1			8	8		13	19	23	31

We are ALL going broke!

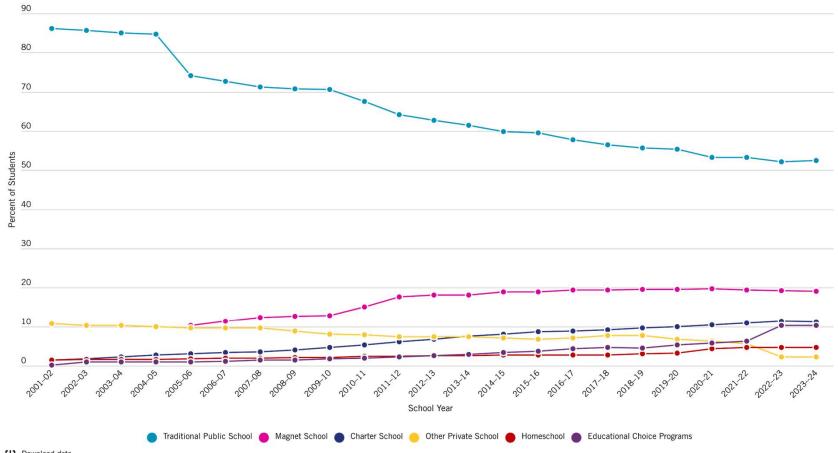






EdChoice Share: Florida

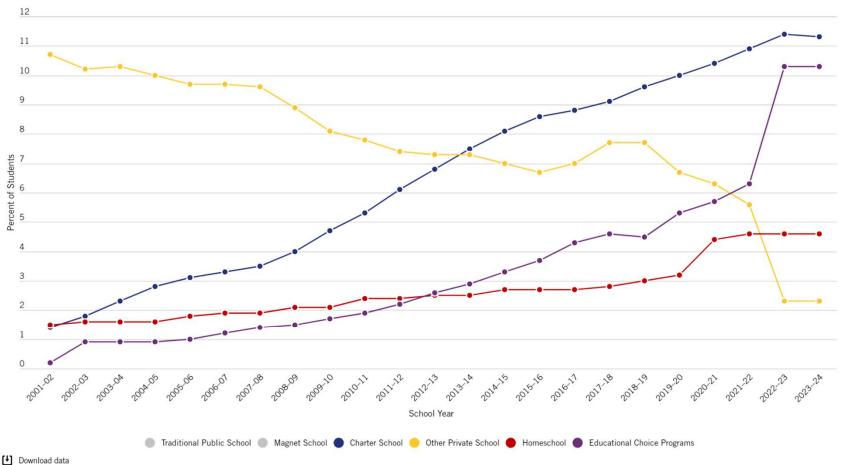
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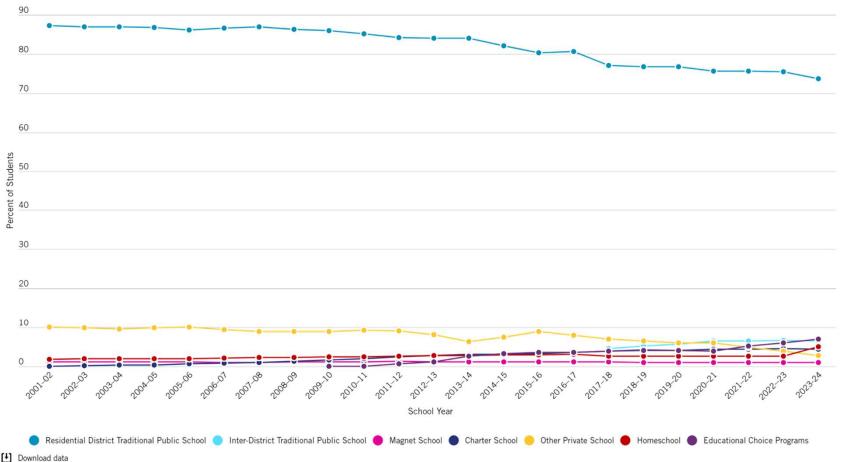
EdChoice Share: Florida

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EdChoice Share: Indiana Back to Table



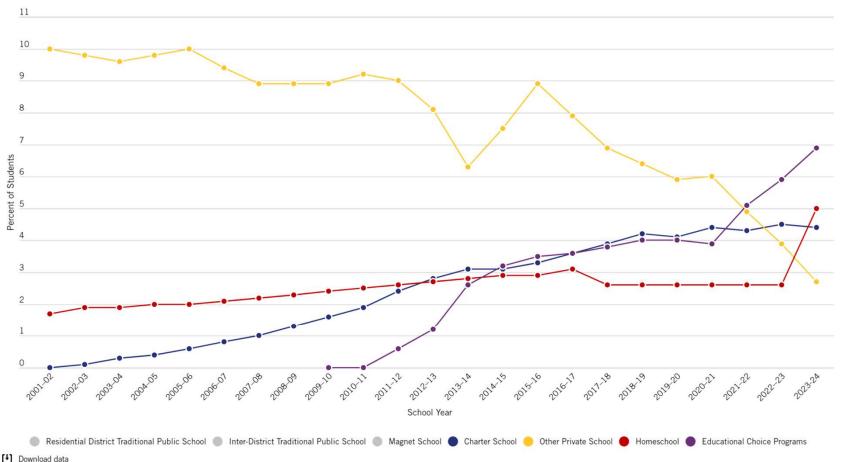


Sources: NCES, EdChoice, Indiana Department of Education, and Angela Watson (Johns Hopkins University)



EdChoice Share: Indiana

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Key Takeaways



 We need to return to the North Star of Milton and Rose D. Friedman.

We are still working towards the free market ideal.

Radically reforming education requires a marketplace that involves all kids, all options (usage), and all money.



